NOTES

Reydon Parish Church, near Southwold. The Rev J. A. Fitch, Vicar of Wangford with Reydon, drew my attention to a find in September 1952.

The stripping of the exterior of the North wall of the church for replastering revealed remains of an unusual type of piscina, together with other evidence of the existence of a former chapel, chantry or sacristy, attached to the chancel having an access doorway from the church.

The piscina is cut into the wall as a shallow opening and had half of the bowl projecting; this overhang, now missing, was supported on the stone pedestal which was found in situ planted on to the wall. It is five-sided with vertical waste hole bored through the stones (Plate XIV).

A small excavation made about a yard to the East of the piscina showed the foundation of the East wall of the building.

The evidence suggests that a chapel, chantry, or sacristy, was built against an existing chancel, possibly in the 14th century, and that this building was destroyed prior to the early 16th century, a part of the chancel wall which would have been covered by the building now having an early 16th century window inserted.

One encaustic tile, yellowish in colour, was found in a shallow excavation which was made to get rid of vegetable growth against the chancel wall.

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Pottery Vessel found at Cavendish. An angler of 34 years' experience, Mr. William Shaw, of 4 Broadway, Glemsford, Suffolk, while fishing for roach in the River Stour (Nat. Grid. 795E454N) in front of Cavendish Hall, the home of the owner of the land, Mrs. A. Brocklebank, 'landed', with a collection of rubbish, what was identified on January 19th, 1953, by Mr. M. R. Hull, curator of the Castle Museum, Colchester, as either a native Iron Age or ancient British pottery vessel (circa B.C. 50—A.D. 50) of the Cunobelin dynasty.

The perfectly preserved vessel, which is about 5 inches in diameter and approx. 4½ inches high, is slate grey in colour and there are two parallel incisions, extending round the pot, between the lip and belly. Mrs. Brocklebank, who has custody of the relic, was advised by the museum not to clean the chalk deposit off it. (see Plate XV).

Mr. Shaw told me that the vessel had been lying in his shed from August, 1952, to January, 1953, when he took the pot to Mrs.