Numerous interments, doubtless, took place in the spacious graveyard around the church prior to its destruction. The monuments have, however, nearly all disappeared, and only a few modern ones remain. As these are rapidly becoming illegible it seemed desirable to preserve the inscriptions.

Dunwich Churchyard.

West of the ruined Church.

John Forster
Died 22nd June 1798
Aged 47 Years.

Reader, depart not from this Stone,
Till you have ponder'd where I 'ave gone
Death quickly took my Strength away,
And laid me in this Bed of Clay.

In Memory of
Jacob Forster, who departed
this Life March 12th 1796, Aged 38 Years.

Sacred
to the memory of
Robert Gayford
who died Jan. 27th 1836
Aged 75 Years.
also
Mary, his wife
who died Feb'y 23rd 1823,
age 59 years.
Prepare to die.

Sacred
to
The Memory of
Tho's. Tuthill
Late of Walberswick
and Schoolmaster of
Wenhaston
upwards of 40 Years
who died the 19 of
June 1835
Aged 78 Years.

Sacred
to
the Memory of
Margaret
the beloyed Wife of
Tho's. Tuthill
of this Parish,
who departed this
Life on the 23d of
January 1825
Aged 68 Years.
Sacred to the memory of
SARAH ANN, daughter of
JONAS, and MARY BRIGGS
who died March 14th 1825
aged 11 Months.
“A flower; wash'd by the blood
of Jesus from the stain of native
guilt, e'en in its early bud.”

In Memory of
ROBERT EASEY
who departed this Life
May 27 1793,
Aged 45 Years.

Here lies an Honest & a generous Friend,
Peaceful in life, happy to his end,
Gentle in words & in his dealings just,
Constant to promise & upright in his trust.

Sacred to the Memory of
EMILY EASEY
Who died the 28th day of June 1805
Aged 1 Month.

In Memory of
JOHN BRINKLEY EASEY
who died September 2nd 1826
aged 23 years.

Here lieth the Body of
STEPHEN JOHN BLUNDELL
who lost his Life by Shipwreck of the ship Tarter near Yarmouth
in a dreadful gale of wind on the morning 18th Feb'y 1807
Aged 21 Years.

The new church at Dunwich, dedicated to S. James, was consecrated by the Bishop of Norwich (Henry Bathurst), on Tuesday, September 14th, 1832. (Brit. Mag., 1832, ii., p. 107.)
LORD CURSON’S HOUSE:
THE BISHOP’S PALACE, IPSWICH.

BY B. P. GRIMSEY.

On the lithographed reduced plan of this property, presented herewith, is expressed the authenticity of the original, and where such is preserved.

It abutted westward immediately upon what is now known as S. Nicholas Place, in front of the chief entrance being a porchway on four brick* pillars extending into the roadway about 18 feet, the buildings behind which, and to the extent of the property southward, being set something like four feet backward than those which extended northward; the ancient south boundary was the public route indicated on the lithographed plan by the designation appearing on Ogilby’s Map of Ipswich, 1674, the same recess of the adjacent property at the exterior of the south-east corner still exists, the reason for which being made apparent. From that point northward the boundary line of the property is clearly traceable upon Ogilby’s Map and the present Ordnance maps. From the north side of the porchway the premises extended to the south corner of Silent Street, and thence for about 255 feet upwards, having against the abutment wall there, carriage houses and stables, with paddock or recreation ground at the rear. The ancient writing on the original “platt” is much obliterated, but affords some explanation as to the interior. “The Halle” seems to have been about 22 feet square. “A Parlor” 27 feet by 18, having the chimney for the fire-place built out into the adjacent lane, and a window on each side thereof. “A Great Parlor”—doubt-

* Clarke’s History of Ipswich, 1830, p. 240.
less the Dining Hall—on the north side of "The Court," 33 feet by 22. "A Chapel" 28 feet by 18, in "The Garden"—but adjacent to the mansion—placed due east and west, with an east window, and two windows on the north side, and having apparently a Devotional Closet adjoining on the south side, the divisional wall seemingly being in a great degree formed with arches.

How or when the property was acquired by Lord Curson—so called by courtesy,† he being Sir Robert Curson, Knt., a Count of the Holy Roman Empire, and probably so deriving the former designation—I have found no record. He was visited here by King Henry the VIII. in 1522, and was buried within the precincts of the Grey Friars' Monastery † before the 29th year of that reign—1537–8—probably a widower.

King Edward the VI. having acquired the mansion—stay not to investigate further!—gave it to the Bishopric of Norwich § in or before 1549, and it appears to have been used as the Bishop's Palace at Ipswich between 1635, when Matthew Wren was appointed Bishop of the Diocese, and April 1638, when he was translated to the See of Ely.

The property was in 1666, and for a time afterwards, used as the King's Hospital|| for sick and wounded navy seamen, and passed from the Bishops by sale¶ thereof in September 1799.

† Wodderspoon's Memorials of Ipswich, 1850, p. 317.
† Chapter House Papers (Rolls Office), Vol. A. 3. 11.
|| The Registers of the Parish of St. Nicholas, Ipswich.
¶ The deed of conveyance.
"YE PLATT OF MY LORDE CURSONS HOUSE AT IPSWH"
MOOT HALL, SUDBURY, 1800. N.W. VIEW.
MOOT HALL, SUDBURY, 1800. N.E. VIEW.